The largest expanse of protected natural areas in Spain

Welcome to the largest expanse of protected natural spaces in Spain, the largest green lung in the country. Jaén is a province where nature gives rise to an irresistible appeal for tourists. It boasts four natural parks, three areas of outstanding natural beauty, two nature reserves and ten natural monuments. making it unique in the Iberian Peninsula. More than three hundred thousand hectares, almost a third of the province's territory, are protected. The Sierras of Cazorla, Segura and Las Villas represents the largest and most important natural space. A treasure trove of plant and animal life, a stunning and unique natural park where the Guadalquivir and Segura rivers rise, dotted with picturesque villages, centuries-old castles and routes walked by mankind since time immemorial. Jaén's other three natural parks are Sierra Mágina, Sierra de Andújar and Despeñaperros. Mágina is a geological rarity and a treasure chest of native flowers, in an abundance that can be found in only few European countries. Sierra de Andújar and Despeñaperros reach to the north of Jaén and form part of the Sierra Morena massif, a place of myth and legend, immortalised in literature and praised by travellers throughout the ages.



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This is the largest natural park in Spain and occupies the eastern side of Jaén province. It covers an area of more than two hundred and fourteen thousand hectares traversed by the River Guadalquivir, which is the longest river in Andalusia and has its source to the south of the park. Twenty-three of the ninety-seven municipalities in the province are to be found within the park. It is a Biosphere Reserve and given its size, diversity and contrasts, the park should be visited in a leisurely fashion.

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SIERRA MÁGINA NATURAL PARK

Magical and mysterious. That is Sierra Mágina, the natural park of the Subbaetic massif, which covers an area of almost twenty thousand hectares and stretches to the south of the province. The park boasts one of the most valuable catalogues of native flowers in Europe and a rugged relief marked by the highest peaks of Jaén. Enchanting villages conserve a unique traditional architecture are scattered throughout the park.

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- 44 THE VILLAGES OF THE GUADALBULLÓN

SIERRA DE ANDÚJAR NATURAL PARK



Sierra de Andújar forms part of the Sierra Morena and extends across seventy thousand hectares to the north-east of Jaén province. An area of grasslands and pasture for fighting bulls, Sierra de Andújar takes in a valuable Mediterranean Forest filled with rivers and ilex and cork oaks, growing beside the clear waters.

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- **50** THE MEDITERRANEAN FOREST
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56) DESPEÑAPERROS NATURAL PARK

This is the smallest natural park in the province, a sheer rocky gorge that is the only break in the rolling hills of the Sierra Morena. Situated to the north of Jaén, Despeñaperros is a natural pass crossed by a motorway and railway line. Nearby is the La Cimbarra waterfall, in Aldeaquemada, one of the three protected natural parks in the province.

- 58 Map of the park / Essentials
- **60** THE NATURAL BORDER
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THE GUIDE





Man and the mountains









Throughout history mankind has maintained a close relationship with nature. The society, economy and culture of dozens of villages in the province is marked by the character, resources and landscapes of Jaén's protected natural spaces.

- 1. Typical Cazorla street layout.
- 2. Lumberers in the Sierra de Segura (1930s).
- 3. Mountain bowls.
- 4. Ethographic Museum in Los Anchos.
- 5. Sierra Mágina mountain spring.



Over the course of history the Sierra Mágina forged a magical link between mankind and nature that is revealed in festivities, scenes, rites and celebrations. The white architecture, seen in country estates and farmhouses, enhances the beauty of these villages. Sierra de Andújar is a vast territory that for centuries has been linked with **hunting**. However, in the early part of the 13th century a vision of the Virgin Mary, the Virgen de la Cabeza, is said to have appeared in the heart of the park. Ever since, this image has symbolised the oldest religious procession. The neighbouring park of Despeñaperros has been described by travellers throughout history, in particular by the romantic writers who documented their travels in the 18th and 19th centuries. In their books and engravings it was portrayed as a mythical place separating Andalusia from La Mancha.

W Maddele CIUDAD REAL PARQUE NATURAL VILLARROBRIGO GÉNAVE DESPENAPERROS ALDEAQUEMADA PARAJE NATURAL CENAVE OF LEAD **BENATAE** MONTIZÓN ARROYO BEL ORCERA LA PUERTA DE SEGURA NATURAL SEGURA DE SIERRA DE LANDUIAR CASTELLAR LA SIERRA LA CARQUINA SANTISTEBAN DEL PUERTO HORNOS DE SEGURA VILEHES O ARQUILLOS WA. DEL CÓRDOBA BAÑOS DE LA ENCINA GUARROMÁN JENATORAF A LINARES VILLACARRILLO BAILEN SABIOTE PAROUE NATURAL A Condidus SIERRAS DE IABALOUINTO SANTO ARJONILLA @ CAZORIA, SEGUR LAHIGUERA BAEZA PEAL DE BECERRO PARAJE NATURAL LOPERA LA IRUELA ARJONA LAGUNA GRANDI GARCIEZ CAZORIA A Condulus PUERTE DEL REY PORCUNA IAEN IODAR TORREDELCAMPO TORREDONJIMENO SIERRA MAGINAS BELMEZ DE LA MARTOS 6 BOSQUE DE RESERVA NATURAL CABRA DE LAGUNA DEL CHINCHE LOS VILLARES SANTO CRISTO CAMBIL SOLERA HUELMA CÁRCHELES ALCAUDETE VALDEPEÑAS DE JAÉN RESERVA NATURAL LAGUNA HONDA CAMPILLO DE ARENAS Atlandolo NOALEIO @ CASTILLO A Compete GRANADA DE LOCUBIN ALCALA LA REAL A Cranada edestco Carcia Lorca

Parques Naturales de Jaen



aguna Grande

Laguna del Chinche

ALBACETE

ROUTE MAP

The province's four natural parks constitute one of the biggest tourist attractions for visitors to Jaén. Travelling in a clockwise direction and following their actual position on the map, one option is to start your visit at the Sierras of Cazorla, Segura and Las Villas (1), continue towards the south and Sierra Mágina (2), towards the north-east to Sierra de Andújar (3) and finishing in Despeñaperros (4), the gateway to Andalusia.



Jaén boasts three AREAS OF NATURAL BEAUTY: Upper Guadalquivir, three reservoirs situated to the south of the La Loma region; the Cimbarra Waterfall in Aldeaquemada, a rugged enclave in the heart of the Sierra Morena, and Laguna Grande lake in Puente del Obispo (Baeza), which is home to an important colony of aquatic birds and a vegetation rich in ash trees and poplars.

The province's two NATURE RESERVES are situated in the municipal area of Alcaudete: Laguna Honda and Laguna del Chinche.

Jaén boasts other protected natural spaces such as the NATURAL MONUMENTS of El Piélago (between Linares and Vilches), the Cánava pine forest (Jimena), the Dinosaur Footprints (Santisteban del Puerto), the giant gall oak of Amo or Carbón (Valdepeñas), the Bañizuela Forest (Torredelcampo) and Los Órganos in Despeñaperros (Aldeaquemada), as well as two PERIURBAN PARKS in the municipal area of Jaén: Santa Catalina and Monte de la Sierra.

Vegetation



A botanical treasure



Taén possesses the most extensive woodlands in Spain. The mountains of the Sierras of Cazorla, Segura and Las Villas Natural Park are covered with oaks, gall oaks and holm oaks, and the longest-living trees in Spain grow at the foot of Pico Cabañas. Seventy per cent of the park is **pine forest**, consisting mainly of Corsican or European black pine. Growing along the riverbanks are **poplars**, **ash**, elm and hazel trees whilst junipers, maples, holly trees and hawthorns can be found in the high mountain reaches. The park boasts 2170 different species of plants, of which 34 are endemic to the region and oc- nean oak!

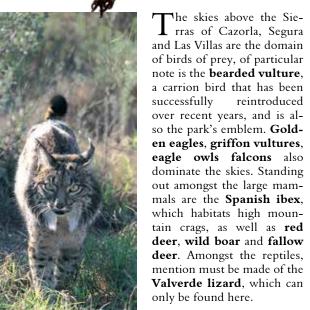
cur nowhere else in the world. The most famous is the Cazorla violet, Violeta Cazorlensis. This natural park represents the largest expanse of forest in the Iberian peninsula. More than thirty species of flowers considered extremely rare in the Iberian Peninsula blossom in Mágina. The **Lithodoras** are the most precious. In Jimena you can find the **Cánava Pine Forest**, a patch of conifers that have been declared a Natural Monument. In Andújar and Despeñaperros there is an abundance of Mediterranean forest, ilexes and cork oaks. Of particular note in the former are the Pyre-

Violeta cazorlensis and pine trees in Segura. On the right-hand page, Corsican pine, flowering cherry tree, hawthorn, pine trees in Despeñaperros, ashes on the banks of the Tranco, grassland, oleander, rock roses, woodland in the Sierra de Andújar and daffodils.



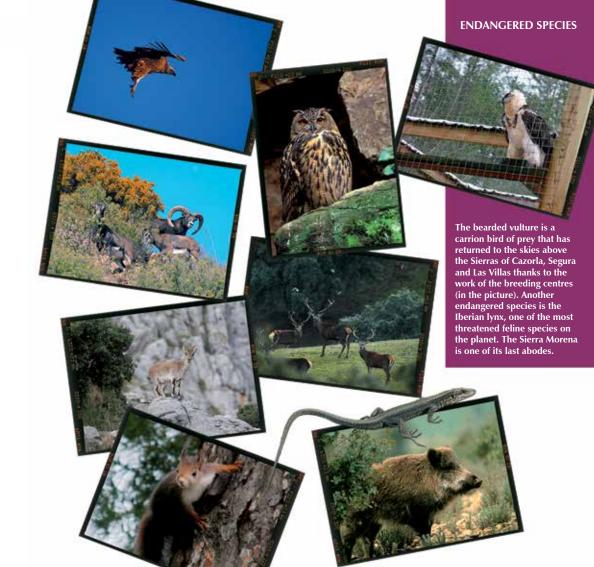
Fauna

Animal life



In Mágina the Spanish ibex has colonised the highest peaks. Here, there are also red deer and wild boar, foxes, genets and badgers. The common midwife toad inhabits water courses and the Lataste's viper seeks out the most inaccessible rock walls of the park. Sierra de Andújar is a paradise for big game hunting, which takes place in winter and seeks out deer with large antlers. However, the **Iberian lynx** is the animal that symbolises both Andújar and Despeñaperros. In the vicinity of the latter you can find the La Olivilla species recovery centre, which breeds Iberian lynx. 💋

Bearded vulture and Iberian lynx. On the right-hand page: griffin vulture, eagle owl, red deer, Spanish ibex, squirrel, lizard and wild boar.



Cuisine



Recipes with a mountain flavour



In the traditional mountain cuisine some dishes go by surprising names, such as rin ran (in the picture above this text). Those dishes that are made with garlic are especially memorable and recognisable: ajoatao, ajoharina, ajolabrao, ajopringue and ajomulero.



To the left, extra virgin olive oil and a wooden bowl of pipirrana (diced salad).

The extra virgin olive oil **I** produced from the olive trees in Jaén's natural parks is the irreplaceable ingredient in the tasty and varied local cuisine, which is highly regarded by the most demanding gourmets.

Olive oil is a key ingredient of popular dishes such as rin-ran (a potato and red pepper based stew), andrajos (a stew of rabbit or hare), migas (fried breadcrumbs usually served with chorizo), trout, cod with tomato and the delicious Segura lamb. Popular liquors such as cuerva (a type of sangria) and mistela are made in the villages of Cazorla, Segura and Las Villas. In Sierra Mágina, Bedmar is famous for preserves and Torres for cherries. Sierra de Andújar boasts game stews, and Despeñaperros partridge paté. //





STARTERS... Game salad and partridge paté (a delicious cream

served on toasted bread prepared with partridge and other game meats, seasoned with local mountain herbs).





FIRST COURSE...

Chick pea stew with bread rolls and migas serranas (a traditional dish of fried breadcrumbs found in all four natural parks in the province).





SECOND COURSE...

Trout fillets with mushroom sauce and roasted vegetables and Segura lamb roasted in a wood-fired oven and served with patatas a lo pobre.





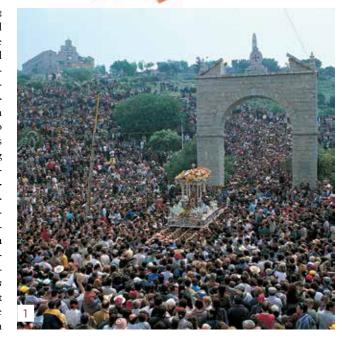
Alemanes (pastries with sponge cake and crème pâtissière from the north of Jaén) and to the right, gachas dulces (a type of sweet porridge) with cinnamon.



Leisure, festivities and performances

Twelve months of culture and festivities

The cities and villages that I lie within the four natural parks in Jaén province celebrate and endless amount of cultural activities and festivals throughout the year. The Sierra de Segura hosts the "El Yelmo" International Air Festival, with numerous activities relating to air and flight. In July, Cazorla is the setting for the long-standing Cazorla Blues Festival. Ouesada holds the Rafael Zabaleta Painting Competitionand and the neighbouring district of Tíscar holds a procession in honour of the Virgen de Tíscar in Spring. Also famous are the bull runs in Santiago de la Espada and the toros ensogaos festival (bulls tied at the horns are led through the village streets) in honour of San









MOORS AND CHRISTIANS

In summer, Campillo de Arenas, Carchelejo and Bélmez de la Moraleda, three villages that were once on the border between two kingdoms, celebrate the Moors and Christians festivals. Medieval texts known as embajadas, which record the meetings of envoys from each kingdom, are brought to life through staged re-enactments.

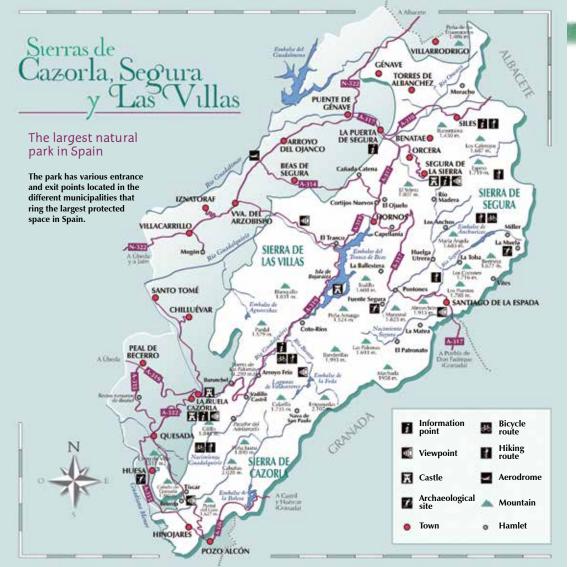
- 1. Romeria in honour of the Virgen de la Cabeza (Sierra de Andújar).
- 2. Bulls ensogaos (Beas de Segura).
- 3. Imagina Funk Festival (Torres).
- 4. Blues Cazorla Festival.
- 5. Historical re-enactments in the celebrations commemorating the Battle of Navas de Tolosa.





Marcos in Beas de Segura. In Albanchez de Mágina the festival of the Hachones (flaming torches) is held in Spring, and in Bedmar there is a procession in honour of the Virgen de Cuadros. In July, Torres hosts the Imagina Funk music festival, the only one of its kind in Spain. In summer other localities in the natural park celebrate the traditional Moors and Christians festivals, which re-enact historical events. On the last Sunday of April, Andújar holds a procession in honour of the **Virgen de** la Cabeza, the oldest religious celebration of this nature in Spain. The Virgin, known as "La Morenita", is paraded through the footpaths around her shrine, situated in the heart of Sierra Morena. In Santa Elena, in Despeñaperros, celebrations in honour of the patron saint are held in mid-August. Also in Summer, this and other neighbouring villages such La Carolina and Navas de Tolosa, which form part of the Castles and Battlegrounds Route, participate in the programme of events accompanying this itinerary.





Essentials

The Sierras

of Cazorla, Segura and Las Villas Natural Park is the largest protected natural space in Spain, and one of Europe's most valuable green lungs. The twenty-three municipalities that make up the park host a botanical and zoological treasure and a unique historical and ethnographical heritage.





Source of the Guadalquivir river

The largest river in Andalusia has its source in the municipality of Quesada, in the heart of the Sierra de Cazorla.



Sierra of Las Villas

Desolate and unexplored, it looks out on its sisters Segura and Cazorla to the east, and olive groves to the west. A balcony between two worlds.



SOUTHERN WOODLANDS", A LONG DISTANCE TRAIL

This is a new circular long-distance trail (GR 247) through the natural park, with perfectly marked path and 11 new refuges.



THE EL TRANCO LEISURE CENTRE AND GAME RESERVE

A complete leisure and active tourism centre, with activities including boat trips and area where you can admire indigenous fauna roaming freely in their natural habitat.



EL YELMO

The emblematic peak of the Sierra de Segura is a reference for aerial sports in the south of Spain. From here the panoramic view are beyond words.







- 1. Castle of La Yedra (Cazorla).
- 2. Cerrada del Utrero.
- 3. Castle of La Iruela.
- 4. Cyclists in Puerto de las Palomas (La Iruela).

5. Cueva del Agua (the Water Cave) in Quesada.

POINTS OF INTEREST

MUSEUM OF THE UPPER GUADALQUIVIR

Castle of La Yedra. 23470 Cazorla.

ENDANGERED SPECIES THEMATIC CENTRE

Plaza Santa María, s/n. 23470 Cazorla. **Tf.** 953 72 09 23.

"FRONDOSA NATURALEZA" VISITOR CENTRE AND THE FLOUR MILL VISITOR CENTRE

La Casa de la Luz. Camino del Ángel, 7-9. 23470 Cazorla. **Tf.** 953 72 13 30.

SOURCE OF THE GUADALQUIVIR RIVER





TIMBER CULTURE VISITOR CENTRE IN VADILLO CASTRIL Poblado de Vadillo Castril, s/n.

23470 Cazorla. **Tf.** 953 72 13 30.

RAFAEL ZABALETA MUSEUM AND MIGUEL HERNÁNDEZ – JOSEFINA MANRESA MUSEUM

Plaza Cesáreo Rodríguez Aguilera, s/n. 23480 Quesada. **Tf.** 953 73 42 60.

Tazorla is an enchanting city, crowned by a castle that houses • a museum of arts and popular customs, and the rocky outcrop Peña de los Halcones as a backdrop. After passing La Iruela and its castle, Control de Burunchel marks the entrance to the protected area covered by the park. From the **Puerto de las Palomas** there is a priceless view of the Guadalquivir valley. You need to head downhill to take the road that leads to the Vadillo Castril junction. On the road to Puente de las Herrerías, the route is located at the foot of Cerrada del Utrero, symbolised by the Linarejos waterfall. The footpath leading to the **source of the Guadalquivir river** runs through the heart of the mountains. The source of the river lies in the municipality of Quesada, which is also home to the Rafael Zabaleta Museum, which has a collection of the work of the poet Miguel Hernández. The road leading to Pozo Alcón crosses the Puerto de Tíscar mountain pass, where you can find the Cueva del Agua (the Water Cave), one of the most beautiful enclaves in the mountains.





3



- 1. Island of Bujaraiza in El Tranco.
- 2. Water course flowing to El Tranco reservoir.
- 3. Footbridge over Borosa river.
- 4. Torre del Vinagre visitor centre.

ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE:

5. The Guadalquivir Valley.

POINTS OF INTEREST

TORRE DEL VINAGRE VISITOR CENTRE

Ctra. del Tranco (A-319), km. 48. 23290 Santiago de la Espada. **Tf.** 953 71 30 17.

CASTLE OF LA IRUELA VISITOR CENTRE

Esperilla Alta, s/n. 23476 La Iruela. **Tf.** 953 72 07 12.

RIVER BOROSA INFORMATION CENTRE

Ctra. del Tranco (A-319), desvío km. 48 hacia Río Borosa, km. 2. 23478 Santo Tomé. Tf. 953 12 42 35.

WALKS THROUGH THE VALLEY





COLLADO DEL ALMENDRAL GAME RESERVE

Ctra. del Tranco (A-319), km. 59,7. 23337 Hornos de Segura. **Tf.** 953 82 52 67.

EL TRANCO RESERVOIR LEISURE AND ACTIVE TOURISME CENTRE

Ctra. del Tranco (A-319), km. 75. 23337 Hornos de Segura. **Tf.** 953 00 22 76.

C urrounded by high peaks, the Guadalquivir Valley opens out as the river descends into the narrow Sierra de las Villas. The **Torre** del Vinagre Visitor Centre is the main meeting point in the park, a museum and educational space, helping visitors discover all the park has to offer. At the foot of this area is the River Borosa Visitor and Information Centre. This is the source of the arroyo de las Truchas, a stream that is one of the most beautiful natural settings in the park. Facing it is the path that climbs up to the Valdeazores lakes. The Collado del Almendral game reserve offers spectacular views across El Tranco reservoir, one of the largest in Andalusia, and the island of Bujaraiza crowned by an Arabic castle. One kilometre away is the Félix Rodríguez de la Fuente scenic viewpoint. This renowned naturalist used locations here for filming some of the most well known episodes of his television series "El hombre y la tierra". From the viewpoint you can look out on the island of Cabeza de la Viña.







- 1. The peaks of Las Villas at dusk.
- 2. Charco de la Pringue.
- 3. La Osera Area of Natural Beauty.

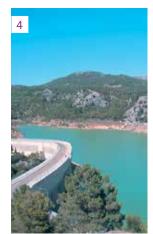
- 4. Aguascebas reservoir.
- 5. Church of La Asunción (Villacarrillo).



THE BALCONY OF THE MOUNTAINS







Dour municipalities make up the Sierra de Las Villas: Sorihuela T del Guadalimar, Villanueva del Arzobispo, Iznatoraf and Villacarrillo. Sorihuela borders the region of El Condado and close to the main square we can find the Church of Santa Águeda. On the outskirts of Villanueva del Arzobispo lies the Sanctuary of the Virgen de la Fuensanta, watched over by the town of Iznatoraf, which stands on a hilltop at an altitude of over a thousand metres. The Renaissance Church of La Asunción, which is the work of Vandelvira, can be found in Villacarillo. The Charco de la Pringue pool is on one side of the road from Villanueva to El Tranco reservoir. Some kilometres before arriving here you can find the small village of Mogón, close to which is the La Osera Area of Natural Beauty, a charming series of water falls and cascades. The area known as **Fuente** del Roble boasts beautiful views. Further up the road is Aguascebas reservoir, the hamlet La Fresnedilla and the footpath that leads up to **Navazalto**, a mountain peak covered with juniper trees.







- 1. Stream in Segura de la Sierra.
- 2. The Universe room in the Cosmolarium (Hornos de Segura).
- 3. El Tranco reservoir.

4. Source of Segura river.

POINTS OF INTEREST

ROMAN CULTURE VISITOR CENTRE

Patio Herreros. Bolea, s/n. 23340 Arroyo del Ojanco. **Tfs.** 953 45 80 08 / 695 99 24 81.

THE PRINCELY TOMBS OF TOYA AND HORNOS VISITOR CENTRE

23460 Peal de Becerro. **Tf.** 953 96 37 03.

COSMOLARIUM

Castle. 23292 Hornos de Segura. **Tfs.** 953 00 00 29 / 688 90 61 65.

A GREEN TREASURE





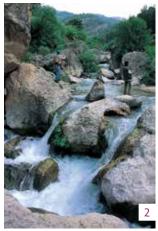
"EL SEQUERO" VISITOR CENTRE AND THEMATIC EXHIBITION

Carretera de Hellín, 21. 23380 Siles. **Tf.** 953 49 11 43.

CASTLE OF SEGURA DE LA SIERRA VISITOR CENTRE

Castle. 23379 Segura de la Sierra. **Tf.** 627 87 79 19. The largest area of the natural park is in La Sierra de Segura. Here you can find many picturesque villages. The old quarter of Beas is home to the Carmelitas convent. The neighbouring Arroyo del Ojanco boasts the thousand year old olive tree of Fuentebuena and the waters of the Guadalimar River flow through Puente de Génave. La Puerta de Segura is the entrance to the park. Here are the roads leading to municipalities such as Villarrodrigo, Torres de Albanchez, Siles, Benatae and Orcera. Segura de la Sierra is perched on an impregnable hilltop dominated by a castle that contains a thematic exhibition about the area's history. Like Segura, Hornos is also an historical and artistic site. The castle here houses Cosmolarium, an astronomical observatory. The most emblematic peak of the Sierra de Segura is **El Yelmo**. It can be reached on foot or by vehicle. The summit is often used as a launch site by gliders, which then land at Cortijos **Nuevos**, the village at the foot of the mountain.









- 1. Anchuricas Reservoir.
- 2. Fishing in Zumeta river.
- 3. La Bolera reservoir.
- 4. Campos de Hernán Perea.

5. Las Acebeas.

LARGE EXPANSES OF FOREST





POINTS OF INTEREST

"ALMA SERRANA" ETHNOLOGICAL COLLECTION

Majada Oscura. 23294 Hamlet of Los Anchos (Santiago de la Espada). Tf. 953 12 81 01.

as Acebeas is a nature reserve and one of the park's most Livaluable botanical jewels. From here a forest track leads up to the peak of Navalperal. Flowing at its feet is the River **Madera**, which owes its name to the forestry work that centuries ago made this region a maritime province A road leads from the hamlet of Venta Rampias to Los Anchos, where there is an ethnographic museum. The source of the River Segura lying close to the hamlet of Fuente Segura, is a pool of crystal clear waters fed by underground channels that circle the mountain. Santiago de la Espada is the largest municipality in Jaén. Its Areas of Natural Beauty include the picturesque hamlet of La Toba, close to the Anchuricas reservoir. Miller is another charming hamlet where the waters of the River Zumeta converge. From Santiago de la Espada roads lead to the hamlets situated on high plateaus that turn towards the south and the Campos de Hernán Perea and the La Bolera reservoir.

ACTIVE TOURISM IN CAZORLA, SEGURA AND LAS VILLAS















Long and short hiking trails, mountains bikes, horse riding, coff-road vehicle excursions, rafting in canoes or kayaks, canyoning, abseiling, zipwire and climbing, caving, tracking and gymkhana trails, paint ball, paragliding and paramotor flights etc.

The Sierras of Cazorla, Segura and Las Villas Natural Park is one of the preferred destinations for lovers of **active and adventure tourism**. The landscape here provides the perfect location for all kinds of outdoor activities. The villages that make up the park are the point of entry to protected areas and represent the best departure points for setting off on signposted paths, long and short routes that just ask to be explored. There are also different active tourism companies based in the villages. They organise a full range of activities, led by **expert guides** who know the hidden secrets of the largest natural park in Spain.





"SOUTHERN WOODLANDS", LONG DISTANCE TRAIL



ACTIVE TOURISM

THE CORE OF SIERRAS OF CAZORLA, SEGURA AND LAS VILLAS

The GR 247 "Southern Woodlands" trail represents a unique opportunity to discover the secrets of the great Jaén massif: its villages and hamlets, its people, the cuisine and customs, the fauna and flora in a singular setting classified as a Biosphere Reserve. Covering almost 500 kilometres, it passes through eighteen of the twenty-three municipalities that make up the park.

Web www.sierrasde cazorlaseguraylasvillas.es/gr247/



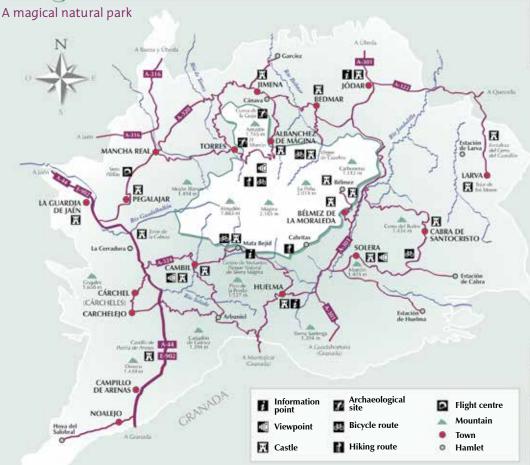
The Sierras of Cazorla, Segura and Las Villas Natural Park is now more attractive than ever. Unfolding throughout the park is a 478 kilometre circular trail, which connects the most beautiful places in one of the most valuable natural parks in Europe. The long distance trail is separated into 21 stages, 11 offshoots and 6 detours. Levels of difficulty are indicated in accordance with the official GR (long-distance route) and PR (short distance route) grading system. The trail passes through eighteen municipalities and you can start off in any one of them.

One of the big commitments made has been the restoration of emblematic **forest houses**, now converted into refuges for walkers. They are all clearly marked and well-maintained. Found beside trails, they are meeting points for lovers of nature and open spaces and are situated close to controlled camping areas and other refuges, rural accommodation and hotels, strengthening the infrastructure of the route.





The park has several entrances and exits. Jimena and Jódar to the north; Cabra de Santo Cristo to the east; Cambil and Huelma to the south, and Mancha Real to the west.



Essentials

Sierra Mágina

is magical, singular and unique, one of the most original natural parks in Spain. Taking in the highest points of Jaén and extending to the south of the province, it faces the Guadalquivir Valley and backs onto the roads leading to Granada. It is a treasure chest of endemic plants and enchanting villages.





The highest neaks

Mágina is a paradise of mountains, solitude, silence, and unforgettable evenings for soaking it all in from peaks such as Almadén.



At the foot of the mountains

The landscape of mountains and olive groves from the castle of Albanchez de Mágina, one of the most picturesque villages thanks to its extremely well preserved centre.



Torres and La Fuenmayor

An excursion to the municipality of Torres and La Fuenmayor area of natural beauty, starting point for walks and mountain bike trails.



Huelma

The castle and the Renaissance Church of the Inmaculada Concepción, a work by Vandelvira, in Huelma, southern capital of the natural park.

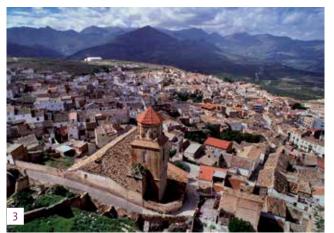


Mata Bejid

The picturesque landscape of Mata Bejid and the natural park visitor centre located on the road linking Cambil and Huelma.









- 1. Peña de Jaén.
- 2. Waterfalls in La Fuenmayor area of natural beauty (Torres).
- 3. Bedmar in the heart of Mágina.
- 4. Torres centre.

5. Cherry trees in flower (Torres).

INSIDE THE PARK





POINTS OF INTEREST

"MATA BEJID" VISITOR CENTRE

Carretera Cambil-Huelma (A-324), km. 15. 23120 Cambil. **Tfs.** 953 36 88 00 / 682 69 26 52 (Environnement Department). Cierra Mágina is a unique natural park owing to its exceptional **J**geological and botanical value. Stretching south from the centre of the province, it covers a rugged and mountainous area of 19,900 hectares. It is surrounded by villages and numerous entrance points. The north-eastern area is humid and covered with forests of ilexes, pines and gall oaks. The eastern area towards the south-east has a much lower average rainfall. The northern road links Mancha Real and Jódar and passes beside villages such as **Torres**, from where there is road into the park that leads up to the neighbouring municipality of Albanchez de Mágina. Close by is La Fuenmayor area of natural beauty and footpaths that climb to the peaks of Mágina and Almadén, high mountain reaches. The southern road, which borders Huelma, leads to protected areas such as the peak of La Perdiz, with a signposted footpath can be followed to the summit, close to the Mata Bejid area of natural beauty and the natural park visitor centre.









- 1. Panorama of the Sierra Mágina.
- 2. The strategic Castle of Albanchez.
- 3. Torre del Homenaje, Jódar.
- 4. Cave paintings in the Graja Cave (Jimena).

5. Flight in the Siete Pilillas area of natural beauty (Pegalajar).

LE NORD DE LA SIERRA



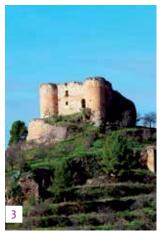


POINTS OF INTEREST

"CASTILLO DE JÓDAR" VISITOR CENTRE

Alhorí, s/n. 23500 Jódar. **Tf.** 953 78 76 56. Situated to one side of the motorway linking Jaén and Granada is La Guardia, crowned by a castle. It faces Pegalajar, famous for its lake and the Siete Pilillas area of natural beauty, a hilltop used as a launch site for gliders. A road descends to Mancha Real, with a town centre presided over by a Renaissance church that is the work of Vandelvira. Torres spreads out at the foot of Monte Aznaitín and close by is the picturesque municipality of Jimena, where you can find La Graja Cave, a Natural Monument since 1924, and the Cánava Pine Forest. Albanchez de Mágina is crowned by a castle offering magnificent views of the El Pomar area of natural beauty. Bedmar clusters around an Order of Santiago fortress, behind the peak of La Serrezuela and the Air Cave. Close by you can find the River Cuadros area of natural beauty and its unusual oleander wood. Facing the Jandulilla valley is Jódar, with a castle that is now a visitor centre.









- 1 and 2. Contrasting landscapes in Mágina: mountain olive grove (Bélmez de la Moraleda) and reeds.
- 3. Castle of Huelma.
- 4. Bélmez Faces.

5. Valley in Mata Bejid.

TO THE SOUTH





POINTS OF INTEREST

For centuries, the villages of Sierra Mágina have practised beliefs of an unknown origin, inspired by a magical ancestral world, such as coating front door locks with gachas, a type of porridge, on the eve of All Souls Day, supernatural beings such as the centaur like "juancaballos", devotion to patron saints and the phenomenon of the Bélmez Faces.

FACES OF BÉLMEZ VISITOR CENTRE

Alonso Vega (in front of the Parque de la Cultura). 23568 Bélmez de la Moraleda. Tf. 654 55 98 14.

t the end of the 15th century the border between the northern **A**Castilian kingdoms and the Nasrid kingdom of Granada was in and around Cambil. The two castles that crown the locality remains from those border times. Arbuniel is a small village that comes under the jurisdiction of Cambil with springs that powered oil and flour mills in days gone by. To one side of the road linking Cambil and Huelma is the Mata Bejid area of natural beauty, which has examples of late 19th to early 20th century regionalist architecture. Huelma is the most inhabited municipality on the southern face of the Sierra Mágina and is close to Bélmez de la Moraleda, where the appearance of images of faces in two houses there is considered by some to be a paranormal phenomenon, which is still being researched today. **Solera** is crowned by a castle and near here extends the municipality of Cabra de Santo Cristo, photographed at the beginning of the 20th century by the artist Arturo Cerdá y Rico and boasting palaces and stately homes with a striking historicist style.









- 1. Serrezuela of Pegalajar.
- 2 and 3. Chapel and recreational area in the Santa Lucía ravine.
- 4. Vault of the Church of the Asunción (La Guardia).

5. Quiebrajano reservoir (Campillo de Arenas).

THE VILLAGES OF THE GUADALBULLÓN





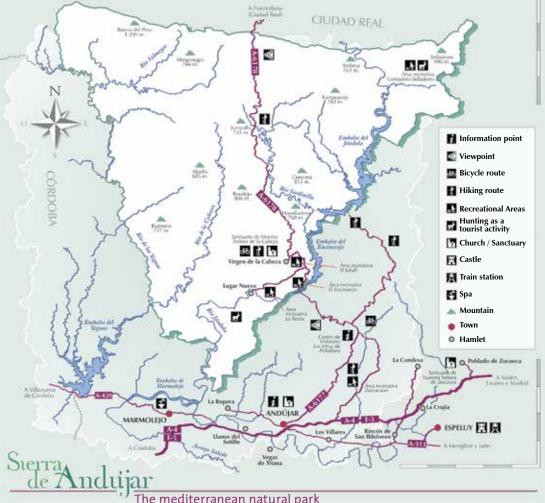
GASTRONOMY

OLIVE OIL CULTURE

In Sierra Mágina olive oil is somewhat more than a culinary ingredient. It is a social, cultural and economic symbol of all the villages that make up the Natural Park. Its olive groves produce an **extra virgin olive oil**, of the **picual variety**, under the **Designation of Origin** of the regulating board located in Bedmar.

The Sierra Mágina Natural Park includes the highest peaks in L the province and looks out to the east across the banks of the River Guadalbullón. The river has water all year round, coming from the Sierra Sur, and flows north to join the course of the River Guadalquivir. It runs parallel to the Sierra Nevada motorway, and on its banks are the towns and villages that were the border between Jaén and Granada. La Guardia is crowned by a castle of Arabic origin. The architect Andrés de Vandelvira worked on the glorious Renaissance Church of the Asunción. Pegalajar is a splash of white at the foot of La Serrezuela. It is surrounded by valuable olive groves, as are the neighbouring towns of Cárchel and Carchelejo, scattered at the feet of the mountains of Los Grajales and Alta Coloma, and which, since 1979, have made up the municipality of Los Cárcheles. Campillo de Arenas awaits past the Santa Lucía ravine and, further south, the Carretero pass leads to Noalejo, on the border between Sierra Mágina and the Sierra Sur.





The mediterranean natural park

The main park access is to the south, from Andújar on the A-6177 that leads to the Virgen de La Cabeza Sanctuary.

Essentials

The Sierra de Andújar,

Natural Park covers 74,774 hectares and boasts the best conserved Mediterranean forests in the Sierra Morena, the great massif in northern Andalusia. It represents one of the last refuges of the wolf and the Iberian lynx. The park is criss-crossed by large reservoirs and mighty rivers.





RIVER JÁNDULA la

The River Jándula provides water for the natural park and feeds the reservoirs that are perfect for angling and nautical activities.



VIÑAS DE PEÑALLANA VISITOR CENTRE

The centre provides information about the biological treasures of a park dotted with ilexes, cork oaks and pasture lands for raising fighting bulls.



LA VIRGEN DE LA CABEZA

On the last Sunday in April thousands of pilgrims flock to the sanctuary of the Virgen de la Cabeza to attend the oldest religious procession in Spain.



HUNTING AS A TOURIST ACTIVITY

The national game preserves of Lugar Nuevo and Selladores-Contadero are areas of particular importance for lovers of hunting.



ANDÚIAR

This monumental city is situated on the banks of the Guadalquivir and boasts notable examples of churches, palaces and public squares.





- Active tourism in Sierra de Andújar.
- 2 and 3. Sanctuary of the Virgen de la Cabeza.

4. Sierra de Andújar is a paradise for lovers of hunting tourism.

THE MEDITERRANEAN FOREST





POINTS OF INTEREST

MARIAN MUSEUM OF THE VIRGEN DE LA CABEZA

Santuario de la Virgen de la Cabeza. 23740 Andújar. **Tf.** 953 54 90 15.

VIÑAS DE PEÑALLANA VISITOR CENTRE

Carretera del Santuario, km. 12. 23740 Andújar. **Tf.** 953 53 96 28. C tarting out in Andújar the A-6178 divides the natural park in two. The road heads north to the lands of Castilla-La Mancha and as it ascends crosses mountains of medium height carpeted with ilexes and cork oaks, agricultural land and pasture land where fighting bullsgraze. Having passed the Las Villas de Peñallana visitor centre and El Encinarejo recreational area it reaches the banks of the River Jándula, a beautiful route that contrasts the ecosystems of riverside and pasture land. A few kilometres further along you can find El Jabalí recreational area and the Sanctuary of the Virgen de la Cabeza. This religious temple dates back to the thirteenth century and stands atop the Cerro de El Cabezo hill, affording a stunning view of the park and other regions in Jaén province. The Natural Park is mostly made up of private hunting grounds. The hunts held here in winter are one of the hunting activities that bring most economic benefit to the city.



ACTIVE TOURISM IN SIERRA DE ANDÚJAR

THE NORTHERN AREA OF THE PARK, EL JÁNDULA AND EL ENCINAREJO

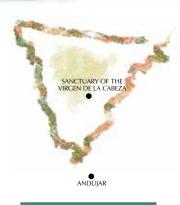
The Sierra de Andújar Natural Park has many trails open and is well suited to long distance hiking. One of the most interesting is known as Zona Norte. This trail leads to Sierra Madrona and Sierra Quintana and crosses the purest example of Mediterranean forest, a perfect place for observing large mammals and birds of prey. Another of the open trails at the gateway to the park is the path linking the River Jándula with the Encinarejo reservoir. This unfolds through one of the most valuable gallery forests in Jaén province. It's easy to see cormorants, grey herons, otters and even signs of the Iberian lynx.

- 1. View of the Sierra de Andújar.
- 2. Iberian lynx.

ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE:

3. Rutting stags.

THE HABITAT OF THE LYNX AND HUNTING AS A TOURIST ACTIVITY





HIKING

LE SENTIER GR 48

This is a long-distance trail that joins the whole Sierra Morena and passes through the Sierra de Andújar Natural Park- It takes in some of the park's most beautiful landscapes, valleys carpeted by ilexes where fighting bulls graze, the banks of the great reservoirs and historical sites such as the sanctuary of the Virgen de la Cabeza.

The Sierra de Andújar Natural Park occupies an exceptional setting **1** in the Sierra Morena, the great massif that links and separates Andalusia from La Mancha, Extremadura and the Portuguese border. The **Iberian lynx** roams amongst clusters of pines, ilexes and cork oaks, a synthesis of the best Mediterranean forest. This beautiful feline, endemic to Spain and Portugal, is considered to be in danger of extinction. Its image appears on numerous signs located on roads within the park, advising visitors of the presence of the lynx and requesting them to drive with care to avoid running over any animals. The interior of the park is criss-crossed by a dense network of trails, suitable for hikers or mountain bikes. They provide an excellent setting for wildlife photography. Visitors can observe families of deer and wild boars, as well as numerous birds of prey in flight. One of the park's attractions is known as the route of the reservoirs, which takes in El Encinarejo, Jándula and Rumblar amongst other large expanses of water found in the park.







- 1. Niños de Don Gome Palace.
- 2. Clocktower.
- 3. Fighting bulls in pasture lands near El Centenillo.
- 4. Mountain panorama.

5. El Encinarejo reservoir.



POINTS OF INTEREST

GONZÁLEZ OREA MUSEUM

Iglesia de Capuchinos. 23740 Andújar. **Tf.** 953 50 59 03.

CASA DEL ALFARERO AND PROFESOR SOTOMAYOR MUSEUM

Niños de Don Gome Palace. Maestra, s/n. 23740 Andújar. **Tfs.** 953 51 31 78 / 953 50 06 03

DE LA MIEL VISITOR CENTRE

Camino de los Rubiales, s/n. 23740 Andújar. **Tf.** 651 57 89 59.

ANDÚJAR AND SURROUNDINGS





CERCADO DEL CIPRÉS FOREST PARK

Camino de los Rubiales, s/n. 23740 Andújar. Tf. 953 10 33 00.

TORREÓN DEL RECUERDO VISITOR CENTRE

Avenida José Luis Messias, s/n. 23711 Baños de la Encina. **Tfs.** 953 61 33 38 / 626 81 84 46.

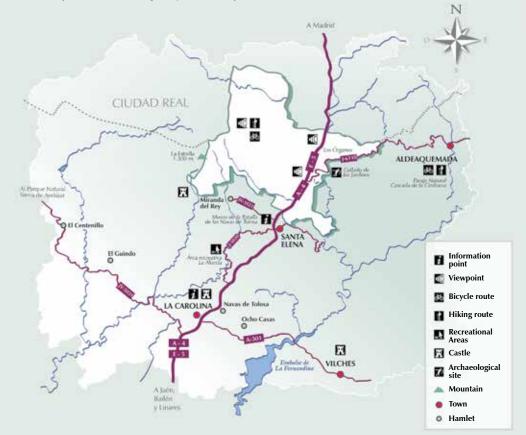
In terms of monuments, Andújar is one of the most important Localities in the province. The old quarter is presided over by the Plaza de España, which houses the Town Hall and the church of San Bartolomé. The Clocktower, the church of Santa María (that houses a laudable painting by El Greco, The Agony in the Garden) and the Niños de Don Gome Palace are three other buildings of particular artistic interest. On the outskirts, the Roman Bridge crosses the waters of the Guadalquivir descending towards Marmolejo. In the 18th century Gran Hotel it is still possible to take the medicinal mineral waters that made the town famous. The road linking the Sierra de Andújar with Baños de la Encina, via the Selladores-Contadero game preserve, is seldom used. It runs along the boundaries of the park and passes through pasture lands belonging to ranches raising fighting bulls. It leads to El Centenillo, a mining community that comes under the jurisdiction of Baños although it is historically linked to La Carolina. The architecture here reveals Victorian influences.



Despeñaperros

The border natural park

The Autovía de Andalucía, the A-4 (E-5) Motorway crosses the park and serves as the gateway to southern Spain.



Essentials

Despeñaperros

covers 7,469 hectares and is the smallest natural park in Jaén, pertaining in its entirety to the municipality of Santa Elena. The gorge, carved by the Despeñaperros River, forms a deep transversal cut through the Sierra Morena massif.





The Museum of the Battle of Navas de Tolosa

The Castle and Battleground Route Visitor Centre opens its doors in Santa Elena, one of the Nuevas Poblaciones (New Towns) of Sierra Morena. www.castillosybatallas.com



os Órganos

Los Órganos, located to one side of the Despeñaperros gorge, are a fanciful geological formation resembling church organ pipes and a Natural Monument.



SCENIC ROUTE

The old N-IV road that crosses the park has become a strategic spot for bird-watching and ornithological tourism.



Collado de los Jardines and Cueva de los Muñecos Collado de Los Jardines and Cueva de Los Muñecos

This landscape was an ancient Iberian enclave and it is still possible to see paintings on the walls of caves.



The Cimbarra waterfal

In the municipality of Aldeaquemada, one of the Nuevas Poblaciones (New Towns), you can find the breathtaking Cimbarra Waterfall, declared an Area of Natural Beauty.







- 1. Charco de El Negrillo.
- 2. Los Órganos.
- 3. Walking through woodlands inside the park.

4. Panorama of the Despeñaperros ravine.

THE NATURAL BORDER





POINTS OF INTEREST

MUSEUM OF THE BATTLE OF LAS NAVAS DE TOLOSA. CASTLE AND BATTLEGROUND ROUTE VISITOR CENTRE

Autovía de Andalucía, exit 257. Ctra. Miranda del Rey, s/n. 23213 Santa Elena. Tf. 953 66 41 78. **Web** www.castillosybatallas.com

LLANOS DE LAS AMÉRICAS VISITOR CENTRE

Ctra. Miranda del Rey, km. 1,9. 23213 Santa Elena.

espeñaperros is a gorge spanned by a modern motorway Dover viaducts that cross the river bearing the same name. Gorges, ravines, rocky outcrops, waterfalls and precipices make up a rugged landscape full of unique geological formations. The smallest natural park in Andalusia boasts stunning vantage points. One of these is the roads leading up to Aldeaquemada. To one side is the Collado de los Jardines and caverns with cave paintings from Iberian times. To one side of the Nature Centre of the same name you can find a footpath leading up to the Despeñaperros peak, from where you can clearly see the geographical layout of the park. Another tourist route through the park runs from Santa Elena to the hamlet of Miranda del Rev. On one side is the Museum of the Battle of Las Navas de Tolosa, the Castle and Battleground Route Visitor Centre, and the hillside known as Mesa del Rey, which was the site of this important battle in July 1212.





ACTIVE TOURISM IN DESPEÑAPERROS

FROM VALDEAZORES TO THE SALTO DEL FRAILE

The Despeñaperros Natural Park is a highly unique protected space. It can be explored on foot or by mountain bike. One of the most interesting trails starts in the Valdeazores ravine and ends in the heights of Los Órganos. It passes through a humid Mediterranean forest, dotted with oak groves and gall oaks, shaded areas where streams of crystal clear water descend. The other trail links the hamlet of Miranda del Rey with the Salto del Fraile and follows part of the Camino Real, a route that in its day was travelled by Christian troops from the Battle of Navas de Tolosa. This trail ends at what is a spectacular waterfall during the winter and spring months.

- 1. Stream in the heart of Despeñaperros.
- 2. Hiker in Miranda del Rey.
- 3. View from the peaks of Despeñaperros.

LE PASSAGE VERT





ARCHAEOLOGY THE IBERIAN

"DOLLS"

The road leading up to the municipality of Aldeaquemada has the Cueva de Los Muñecos (Cave of the Dolls) to one side. This enormous horizontal crevice in the sheer mountain slope was used by the Iberian peoples as a shrine for worship. Hundreds of bronze figurines used as votive offerings by the local worshippers have been discovered here.

espeñaperros is a geological rarity. It is now even easier to Dadmire in all its glory. Widening work on the motorway, tunnels and viaducts has now been completed, enabling the old road to remain for the enjoyment of visitors. Here you can find beautiful vantage points, including one overlooking Los Órganos, a Natural Monument formed from immense vertical columns of quartzite. The river of the same name rushes through the gorge, merging below with the River Guarrizas, where you can find the Cimbarra waterfall. There are numerous trails open in the park such as the route up to the La Estrella peak, the highest peak in the Andalusian side of the Sierra Morena. This is reached by the road that has to one side the Museum of the Battle of Navas de Tolosa and the small community of Miranda del Rey. From here it is also possible to reach the La Aliseda recreational area, the former nineteenth century spa situated between the municipalities of **Santa Elena** and **La Carolina**.



TOURIST INFORMATION

Diputación Provincial de Jaén Plaza de San Francisco, s/n. 23071 Jaén. Tf. 953 24 80 00. www.jaenparaisointerior.es

TOURIST OFFICES

CAZORLA, SEGURA AND LAS VILLAS NATURAL PARK

CAZORLA

Oficina de Turismo
Plaza Santa María, s/n.
Tf. 953 71 01 02.
Oficina de Turismo
Avenida del Guadalquivir, 101.
Tfs. 953 72 09 09 / 616 21 78 94.

LA PUERTA DE SEGURA

Punto de Información Turística Doctor Vigueras, s/n. Tf. 953 48 70 06.

QUESADA

Oficina de Turismo Plaza de la Coronación, s/n. Tf. 953 71 40 11.

SANTIAGO DE LA ESPADA

Punto de Información Turística Avenida de Andalucía, s/n. Tf. 953 43 80 02.

SEGURA DE LA SIERRA

Oficina de Turismo Francisco de Quevedo, s/n. Tf. 627 87 79 19.

SILES.

Oficina de Turismo Carretera de Hellín, 21. Tf. 953 49 11 43.

SIERRA DE ANDÚJAR NATURAL PARK

ANDÚJAR

Oficina de Turismo Torre del Reloj. Plaza de Santa María, s/n. Tí. 953 50 49 59. www.andujar.es

Punto de Información Turística "Cercado del Ciprés"

Camino de los Rubiales, s/n. Tf. 953 53 96 20.

Centro de Recepción de Visitantes y Oficina de Turismo "Santuario Virgen de la Cabeza" Dehesa de la Santísima

Virgen de la Cabeza, s/n.
Tfs. 953 12 21 87 / 691 87 15 33.

BAÑOS DE LA ENCINA

Oficina Municipal de Turismo Avenida José Luis Messia, 2. Tf. 953 61 33 38 / 626 81 84 46. www.bdelancina.es

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Natao Sierra de Segura (Estrategias en Turismo Activo) Tf. 649 29 82 61. www.rutasdelaceite.com Olivair (Deportes Aéreos) Tf. 655 92 34 28.

CAZORI A

www.olivair.es

CAZORIA

Ecoguadalquivir

Tf. 609 57 06 32.

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Complejo Turístico

Puente de las Herrerías.

Tf. 630 61 43 20.

Excursiones Turisnat

Tf. 686 93 83 75. www.turisnat.org

Mafor Andalucía Tf. 636 48 28 23.

www.bujarkay.com
Pedalea Andalucía

Tf. 953 82 51 14 / 699 44 42 82.

www.cazorlaextremenature.com

Turismo Activo Cazorla Extreme Nature Tf. 676 39 33 30.

www.jaenparaisointerior.es

Turismo Activo Puente de las HerreríasTf. 953 72 70 90.

www.puentedelasherrerias.com

HORNOS DE SEGURA **Embarcaciones Aguasport**

Tf. 629 46 53 40.

Turismo Activo

Estación Náutica El Tranco

Tfs. 953 45 30 36 / 619 63 96 14.

LA IRUELA Cazorlaventur

Tf. 692 02 03 59.

Centro Agroturístico y de Educación Ambiental Huerta de Cañamares Tf. 609 57 06 32. www.huertacanamares.com Tierraventura Cazorla Tfs. 953 71 00 73 / 639 66 05 62. www.aventuracazorla.com Turismo Activo Picadero El Cortijillo Tf. 690 69 78 50.

POZO ALCÓN

Andalusienmtb
Tf. 609 91 92 02.
www.andalusienmtb.com
Avatur
Tf. 697 96 10 41.
www.cazorlavatur.com

Turismo Activo El Hornico Tf. 670 65 78 40. www.elhornico.com

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Turismo Activo
Aventura Sport
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www.aventurasport.com
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Servicios Turísticos.
Tfs. 953 71 41 72
/ 629 97 55 62.

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Turismo Activo

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Tf. 625 46 51 59
/ 609 34 34 78.
www.andabosquesdelsur.com
Turismo Activo
Cazorla Actividades
Tf. 661 60 17 96.
www.campingelrobledo.com
Turismo Activo
Contadero Aventura
Tf. 648 18 30 26.
www.contadero.com

VILLACARRILLO Turismo Activo

Aventura Las Villas Tf. 647 42 95 17. www.aventuralasvillas.es

VILLANUEVA DEL ARZOBISPO

La Moraleja Servicios Turísticos Tf. 639 95 54 16. Turismo Activo Guadalkayak Tf. 616 96 62 01. www.guadalkayak.com

SIERRA MÁGINA NATURAL PARK

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Rutas de Mágina
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www.rutasdemagina.com
Turismo Activo
Desafío sin Límites
Tf. 653 91 58 61.
www.rutasdemagina.com

HUFI MA

Ocio Mágina Tf. 953 39 09 40. www.ociomagina.com

MANCHA REAL

CPM Sierra Mágina Tfs. 953 35 29 72 / 652 86 29 59. www.deportivascpm.com

TORRES

Máginaventura Tfs. 953 36 32 01 / 667 93 34 85 / 617 41 41 01.

SIERRA DE ANDÚJAR NATURAL PARK

ANDÚIAR

Turismo Activo Iberian Lynx Land Ollería, 38.

Tf. 667 50 61 66.

www.iberianlynxland.com

Turismo Verde

Historiador Antonio Terrones, 12, 7º N. Tís. 953 51 09 31 / 629 51 83 45.

Naturalis

Tf. 651 99 52 93. Baños de la encina

Baños de la Encina Servicios Turísticos

Tfs. 953 61 33 38 / 626 81 84 46.

Iberus. Birding & Nature

Madrid, 18. Tf. 676 12 76 11.

iberusmedioambiente.com MARMOLEJO

Katarsia Multiaventura

Tf. 662 90 84 72.

DESPEÑAPERROS NATURAL PARK

SANTA FLENA

Turismo Activo Puertonatura C.B.

Tfs. 953 66 43 07 / 670 94 38 93.

NATURE EDUCATIONAL CENTRES

CAZORLA, SEGURA AND LAS VILLAS NATURAL PARK

CAZORI A

Cazorla

Camino de San Isicio, s/n. Tís. 953 10 50 58 / 629 35 96 34. www.aulanaturalezacazorla.com

LA IRUFLA

El Cantalar

Ctra. del Tranco (A-319), km. 39,5. Tfs. 953 12 41 21 / 609 64 53 09. www.elcantalarcazorla.com

Huerta de Cañamares

Juntas de Muriel, s/n. Tís. 953 72 70 84 / 609 57 06 32. www.huertacazorla.es

POZO ALCÓN

El Hornico III

Pantano de la Bolera, s/n. Tf. 953 12 41 37. www.elhornico.com

SEGURA DE LA SIERRA

Contadero

Carretera de Beas, s/n.
Cortijos Nuevos.
Tfs. 953 10 09 98 / 648 18 30 26.
www.contadero.com

SIERRA MÁGINA NATURAI PARK

BEDMAR

Granja Escuela Sierra Mágina

Finca La Salina.

Tfs. 953 76 03 37 / 629 73 48 93. granjaescuelasierramagina.com

SIERRA DE ANDÚJAR NATURAL PARK

ANDÚJAR

Villa Matilde

Viñas de Peñallana, 302. Carretera Embalse del Jándula, km. 3. Tís. 953 54 91 27 / 618 32 99 80.

DESPEÑAPERROS NATURAL PARK

SANTA ELENA

Escuela de la Naturaleza Las Nogueras

Carretera de Miranda del Rey, s/n. Tf. 915 73 05 65.

www.lasnogueras.com

FURTHER TOURIST INFORMATION

www.jaenparaisointerior.es